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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

1/01/04 REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING AND ENDING MM/ODOYY MM/DD/YY A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Telemetry Securities, L.L.C. OFFICIAL USE ONLY FIRM ID. NO. ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.) 20 Exchange Place, 53rd Floor (No. and Street) New York, **New York** 10005 (State) (City) (Zip Code) NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT Mr. James Phillips (212)425-9700 (Area Code - Telephone No.) **B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION** MAR O I ZUUS INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report* **Grant Thornton LLP** (Name - of individual, state lest, first, middle name) **60 Broad Street New York** NY (Address) (City) (State) **CHECK ONE:** □ Certified Public Accountant MAR 1 8 2005 □ Public Accountant ☐ Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions. THOMSON FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

(J) (S)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

l,	James Phillips	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best	
of my k	y knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statements and supporting so Telemetry Securities, L.L.C.	chedules pertaining to the firm of	
		ear (or affirm) that neither the company	
nor any	any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in	• •	
	stomer, except as follows:	any account dassined solely as that of	
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	•		
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	STATE OF NEW YORK	med i'Ch	
	County Kings of February	Signature	
vorn to a	o and subscribed before me this day of 206.	Chief Operating Officer	
	Public	Title	
	Aught -		
		INNA KRASNIK	
	Notary Public	Notary Public, State of New York No. 01KR6091570	
		Ouglified in Kings County	
		Commission Expires April 28, 20 🕰	
	report** contains (check all applicable boxes):	Certificate filed with New York County	
区 (a)			
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⊠ (d)	•	ada Oanitat	
□ (e)		ors Capital.	
□ (f)	· ·		
□ (g)		15-2.2	
□ (h) □ (l)	Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.		
	Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the		
□ (j)	Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit	•	
□ (k)	·		
<u> −</u> (Ņ	solidation.	in Condition with respect to methods of Con-	
区 (i)			
□ (m)	· ·		
_ (n)		e existed since the date of the previous audi	

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

TELEMETRY SECURITIES, L.L.C. (a Delaware limited liability company)

December 31, 2004



REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

To the Members of Telemetry Securities, L.L.C.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Telemetry Securities, L.L.C. (a Delaware limited liability company) (the "Company") as of December 31, 2004. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America as established by the Auditing Standards Board of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Telemetry Securities, L.L.C. as of December 31, 2004 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

New York, New York

Shart Thorston UP

February 7, 2005

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

December 31, 2004

ASSETS

Securities owned, at market value	\$107,513,927
Receivable from clearing broker	108,677,569
Other	<u>124,346</u>
	\$ <u>216,315,842</u>
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY	
Liabilities	
Securities sold, but not yet purchased,	
at market value	\$107,479,887
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>165,944</u>
Total liabilities	<u>107,645,831</u>
	100 (70 011
Members' equity	108,670,011
Total liabilities and members' equity	\$216,315,842
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NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

December 31, 2004

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS

Telemetry Securities, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company (the "Company") is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is a member of the American Stock Exchange, Inc. ("ASE"). The Company was established for the purpose of engaging in proprietary trading activities using strategies on a global basis in the form of trading in domestic and foreign securities and other financial instruments.

The Company's Manager is Telemetry Investments, L.L.C. ("Investments"). The Company's members are Telemetry Fund I, L.P. ("L.P.") and Telemetry Fund (Cayman) I, Ltd. ("Ltd."). The investment objectives and restrictions of L.P. and Ltd. apply to the Company as if those investments were made directly by L.P. and Ltd. L.P. and Ltd. share in the profits and losses of the Company in proportion to their respective interests in the Company. Their loss is limited to the amount of their investments.

The Company shall continue until December 31, 2030 unless otherwise sooner dissolved or extended by Telemetry Investments, L.L.C. in its capacity as managing member of the Company.

As the Company clears all transactions through another broker-dealer, it is exempt from the provisions of SEC Rule 15c3-3 in that the Company's activities are limited to those set forth in the conditions for exemption appearing in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of that rule.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Securities Transactions

Securities transactions are recorded on a trade-date basis.

The Company's functional currency is U.S. dollars. Securities traded on foreign exchanges in other currencies are valued by translating foreign-denominated prices into U.S. dollars, based upon quoted exchange rates as of December 31, 2004.

Securities Owned and Securities Sold, But Not Yet Purchased

The Company values securities owned and securities sold, but not yet purchased that are listed on a national securities exchange or quoted on NASDAQ at the last sale price on the primary exchange on which such securities are traded or NASDAQ or, if no sale occurs, such security will be valued at the last "bid" price, or, in the case of short positions, at the last "ask" price. Over-the-counter securities not quoted on NASDAQ will be valued at the last "bid" price on that date, or, in the case of short positions,

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION (continued)

December 31, 2004

NOTE B (continued)

at the last "ask" price; however, if the Company's Manager in good faith determines that the last sale price does not reflect the fair value of any security, such security shall be valued at the arithmetic average of the last "bid" and last "ask" price. A security traded in the non-U.S. markets will normally be valued on the basis of the closing price quoted in its principal market.

Receivable from Clearing Broker

Receivable from clearing broker includes cash held at the clearing broker, Merrill Lynch Professional Clearing Corporation (the "Clearing Broker"). Substantially all of the Company's cash and securities are held with the Clearing Broker. The Clearing Broker provides the Company with securities borrowed transactions to cover delivery requirements on short securities in exchange for deposits held at the Clearing Broker.

Income Taxes

No provision for income taxes has been reflected in the financial statements since a limited liability company is not responsible for the payment of Federal income taxes.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE C - NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

As a registered broker-dealer, the Company is subject to Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1 of the SEC, which requires that the Company maintain minimum net capital, as defined, of \$100,000 or 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness, as defined, whichever is greater. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change from day to day, but as of December 31, 2004, the Company had net capital of \$80,321,463, which exceeded its requirement of \$100,000 by \$80,221,463. At December 31, 2004, the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 0.21%. The capital rules of the SEC and the ASE provide that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash distributions paid if resulting net capital would be less than the minimum requirements. Additionally, the capital rules of the SEC and ASE also provide that the

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION (continued)

December 31, 2004

NOTE C (continued)

Company must promptly notify the SEC and the ASE about the withdrawal(s) of equity capital assuming such withdrawal(s) exceed(s) certain percentages of the Company's excess net capital.

Proprietary accounts held at the Clearing Broker ("PAIB assets") are considered allowable assets in the computation of net capital pursuant to an agreement between the Company and the Clearing Broker which requires, among other things, that the Clearing Broker perform a computation of PAIB assets similar to the customer reserve computation set forth in Rule 15c3-3.

NOTE D - CAPITAL ACCOUNTS

The Company maintains a separate capital account for each member. The capital accounts are comprised of initial and subsequent contributions less any withdrawals made during the period. The Manager of the Company may admit additional members or capital contributions on the first day of each fiscal quarter or at such time as the Manager in its discretion sees fit. Each member has the right to withdraw, within 45 days of giving prior written notice to the Manager, its Capital Account Balance, as defined, from the Company effective as of June 30 or December 31 of any fiscal year occurring on or after the first anniversary of the initial capital contribution.

NOTE E - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS WITH OFF-BALANCE-SHEET RISK AND CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

In the normal course of business, the Company uses various financial instruments as part of its strategies to meet its investment objectives. The execution, settlement and financing of these transactions may result in off-balance-sheet risk or concentration of credit risk.

The Company may be exposed to a risk of loss not reflected in the statement of financial condition for securities sold, but not yet purchased, should the value of such securities rise. The Company's principal activities are subject to the risk of counterparty nonperformance.

NOTE F - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Effective January 1, 2005, the Company had pending withdrawals of approximately \$652,000.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

TELEMETRY SECURITIES, L.L.C.

December 31, 2004



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

To the Members of Telemetry Securities, L.L.C.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplementary information of Telemetry Securities, L.L.C. (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2004, we considered its internal controls, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

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Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2004, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the members and management of the Company, and the SEC, the American Stock Exchange, Inc., and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

New York, New York

Shart Thornton UP

February 7, 2005

Grant Thornton &

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